



UCRBG Newsletter

What's a Sequoia*?

By Norm Ellstrand

If you grew up back East as I did, you know that there is considerable confusion about sequoias. While the rest of the country knows that California is the superlative-laden state with the highest, lowest, driest, hottest, etc., when it comes to our most magnificent trees their shared names can get in the way of the facts. Midwesterners usually know that sequoias are big trees. But are they the biggest or the tallest? Let's set the record straight.

Worldwide, there are three extant species (and several extinct species) that are considered sequoias. As a group they are also known as "redwoods". Redwoods are members of the Sequoioideae, a subfamily of the Cupressaceae (the cypress family). Although all three living species are closely related, they are different enough to have their own claim to fame.

Let's compare and contrast the redwoods. Sequoias are all long-lived woody conifers. They have needles and bear male and female cones on the same tree. Each of the living redwoods are sufficiently distinct as to belong to their own genus.

Sequoia sempervirens ("the evergreen sequoia") is commonly known as coast redwood, coastal redwood, coastal sequoia, or California redwood. Its current distribution is along the Pacific coast from central California to extreme southern Oregon. The species includes the world's tallest trees, with one individual at 381.3 feet. Coast redwoods reproduce by both seed and by resprouting from the base. Their root system is shallow. The bark can be extremely thick (more than one foot) and serves as a protection against wildfires. Several coast redwoods are known to live more than 2,000 years and because they spread vegetatively, there may be clones that are significantly older.

Sequoiadendron giganteum ("the giant sequoia tree") is the species you will find at Sequoia National Park. Its common names include giant sequoia, giant redwood, Sierra redwood, and, simply, big tree. It is endemic to California with populations along the length of the Sierra Nevada mountains. Like its coastal cousin, the giant sequoia is evergreen and has a shallow root system. The species can grow to over 300 feet, but such individuals are short of the record-breaking height of the coast redwood. What the species lack in height, it makes up in total size. Giant sequoias are the world's largest trees by volume. The General Sherman tree has a volume of more than 52,000 cubic feet,

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Coast redwoods



Giant sequoia

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Director Updates -Patricia Springer



I have stepped into the role of Interim Director of the UC Riverside Botanic Gardens, following the passing of Dr. Jodie Holt this spring. Jodie's love of botany and of the Gardens shaped not only this space but countless students and colleagues who had the privilege of learning from her. She took advantage of every opportunity to raise awareness about plants — including, in her final days, educating the nurses caring for her. Her absence is deeply felt, and I know I speak for the entire Botanic Gardens community in saying she will be profoundly missed.

I am a faculty member in the Botany and Plant Sciences Department and currently serve as Divisional Dean of Agriculture and Natural Resources in the College of Agriculture and Natural Sciences. Jodie was my close friend and colleague, and I step into this role wanting, first and foremost, to honor the foundation she built. In the months ahead, we will continue the work she championed, including advancing the projects — both large and small — that she set in motion.

In the coming months, we will also launch a national search for a permanent director to carry the Botanic Gardens into their next chapter. As we do, please know that honoring Jodie's legacy will remain central to everything we do here — in our programming, our collections, and the spirit with which we welcome every visitor.

If you have memories of Jodie you'd like to share, or thoughts on how we might honor her legacy in the Gardens, I'd love to hear from you (agdean@ucr.edu).

Thank you for being part of our community. I look forward to meeting many of you in the Gardens in the coming months.

Become a Friend!

The UCRBG is an institutional member of the American Horticultural Society. A Friends membership entitles you to the benefits of participating in the AHS Reciprocal Garden Network, which gives you free or discounted admission and other discounts at 400 gardens and arboreta throughout North America. The AHS member gardens can be viewed at their website: ahsgardening.org/gardening-programs/rap.



AMERICAN HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY
**RECIPROCAL
GARDEN NETWORK**
member garden

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CAN GET
IN FREE TO
400
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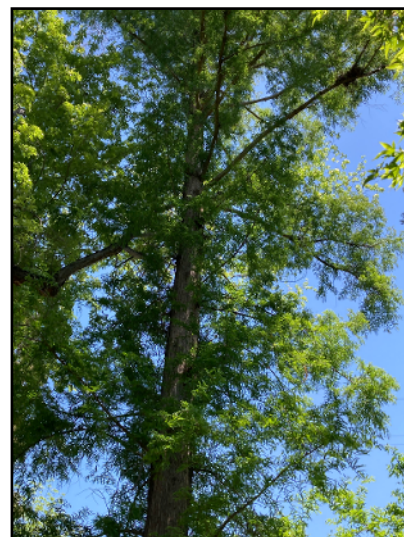
College of Natural &
Agricultural Sciences

Continued from page 1

despite its modest height of 275 feet, making it the single largest non-clonal organism in the world! The bark of *S. giganteum* is even thicker than that of its coastal counterpart. It is not unusual for the bark on large trees to be anywhere from 18 inches to 3 feet thick. In contrast to the coastal redwood, its Sierra counterpart only reproduces by seed. The oldest known giant sequoia is known to be 3,266 years old.

The third sequoia, *Metasequoia glyptostroboides* (“the Chinese swamp cypress-like sequoia”), was first described from fossils that are up to at least 150 million years old. In 1941, living trees that are identical to the fossils were discovered in China by a Chinese paleobotanist. Populations of this species, commonly known as “dawn redwood” (or “water fir” in China), are now found in wet montane regions of Hubei and Hunan provinces as well as in the Chongqing municipality. It is a true “living fossil”. The most notable difference between the dawn redwood and its North American cousins is that the Chinese species is deciduous; that is, it drops its needles in the fall and resprouts new ones in the spring. *M. glyptostroboides* appears to grow to heights of at least 167 feet, a relatively modest size compared to the other sequoias.

The disparate locations of the three redwoods hints at their prior widespread distribution. The fossil record shows various redwood species occurred in Europe, Asia, and North America with their height in the Cretaceous. That means they rubbed shoulders with the likes of Tyrannosaurus and Triceratops. In some ways it is remarkable that our three species survived the great extinction at the end of the Cretaceous as well as competition from the rise of the flowering plants. All the more reason to recognize the special characteristics of these amazing plants.



Dawn redwood

**The origin of the name “sequoia” is obscure. Some botanical historians believe that it is derived from the Latin verb “sequor”, meaning “to sequence”. Others note that the pronunciation is similar to that of the Cherokee polymath “Sequoyah” the inventor of the Cherokee writing system. Stephen Endlicher, the Austrian author of the species, did not explain the name in his original descriptive publication naming the species. Regardless, as noted by my friend Amber Cartwright, Endlicher appears to have coined the shortest English word to include all the vowels.*

The article is dedicated to the memory of Professor Jodie S. Holt.

UC RIVERSIDE
BOTANIC GARDENS
EST. 1963

1st SUNDAYS IN THE
UCR BOTANIC
GARDENS
January - October

CHILDREN'S STORYTIME
10:00 - 10:30 AM
AGES 3-8 WITH SUPERVISION

ORIGAMI WITH MICHELLE
11:00 AM - 1:00 PM

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Butterfly Garden

Docents available in the
Butterfly Garden
1st & 3rd Sundays,
9am-12pm, April-October

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In Memoriam - Jodie Holt

By Janine Almanzor



It is with deep sadness that I share the passing of our beloved Director, Jodie Holt. Jodie battled liver cancer for several years but never wavered in her dedication to the Botanic Gardens. She continued to be a strong, courageous leader of the Botanic Gardens until the very end. We called her our fearless leader, and she earned that title every day.

Jodie joined the Gardens as Director in 2016, following an incredible and distinguished career at UCR as a Professor of Botany, Chair of the Department of Botany and Plant Sciences, and Divisional Dean of the College of Natural and Agricultural Sciences. She came to the role as someone who already loved the Gardens. She saw its tremendous potential as a place for research and education, as well as a beautiful oasis for the community to enjoy.

The list of Jodie's accomplishments over her ten years as Director is long, and no single article could do it justice, but here are some that were impactful for our visitors, employees, and volunteers. Jodie believed the visitor experience should be seamless from start to finish, from the first glance at our website, to parking, entering the Gardens, and walking the trails. She meticulously went through the entire website, revising every page, making sure the impression matched the quality of the Gardens. One of Jodie's most used words was "parking". She often connected with Parking Services, always pushing for a better arrival experience for our guests. Once the visitors were inside the Gardens, she wanted them to feel at ease. She walked the trails herself to identify places where one could get lost, then recruited her husband Doug to build thirty-six trail markers and signs to label each garden. She also had warning signs made for steep or rutted trails. Jodie then had a Visitor Guide made with a new lidar map that located all the trail markers. She also made brochures for Friends memberships, volunteering, and memorials. Jodie brought several of us to an event at Esri, so we could learn how to make a GIS app for the Gardens. Working with campus designers, Jodie created a new brand identity for the Gardens, which now lives on twenty swag items we proudly sell.

In her more than 30 years on the UCR faculty, Jodie developed relationships with many departments on campus. She knew exactly who to contact for every situation that arose at the Gardens and she knew how to get things done. Jodie was able to utilize every campus service she could. One successful partnership was with the College of Natural and Agricultural Sciences (CNAS) Development team, who got involved with our Primavera event, enabling greater fundraising. Jodie also wanted to make more UCR students aware of the Gardens, so she initiated our Welcome Week activities, which have become very successful.

During her 10 years as Director of the Gardens, two new gardens were added - the Native American Garden and the California Native Bee Garden, with several large projects underway. It was Jodie's idea to convert the front section of the greenhouse into a Display House for education and enjoyment for visitors. Jodie also worked extensively with the UCR campus to plan for replacing the beloved Geodesic dome, a 40-year-old shade structure that is no longer structurally sound. Jodie worked closely with the UCR Planning Design and Construction unit on campus to design a replacement structure, known as the Plant Pavilion. "Dome" was another of Jodie's most used words. She had the vision to make that prime real estate into not only a place to house our cycads but also for an outdoor gathering space. Jodie was passionate about fund raising to build the new Plant Pavillion and she would have loved to see that project to completion. Jodie also had plans to renovate the Iris Garden into a companion planting garden so there would be plants blooming throughout the year.

At the Botanic Gardens we remember Jodie most for who she was as a boss and person. She was a friend who had tea and biscuits with us during our breaks. She gave thoughtful gifts every Christmas and birthday. We are constantly reminded of Jodie because of the many gifts that decorate our homes. Jodie stood firmly behind her team and the Gardens and was never afraid to face difficult situations head-on. She often said to put the blame on her if something was not well received. She was a strong, caring, intelligent leader who enabled us to have a "we've got this" attitude.

Three days before Jodie died, I showed her a photo of a beautiful white lilac, which Giles Waines hoped to name in her honor. She approved with a big smile and said it was beautiful. The beautiful lilac 'Jodie Holt' will be planted in the Gardens and available at future plant sales.

Jodie's husband Doug has suggested that those wishing to honor her memory may donate to the "Replace the Geodesic Dome in the UCR Botanic Gardens Fund".

Give by Check:

Make your check payable to "**UCR Foundation**", note **Replace the Geodesic Dome Fund** in the memo, and send to:

UCR Foundation

PO Box 5068

Riverside, CA 92517-5068

Give Online: <https://www.givecampus.com/campaigns/48565/donations/new?amt=>

You can search the **Replace the Geodesic Dome in the UCR Botanic Gardens Fund** in the "choose your area to support" text box.



Syringa josikea 'Jodie Holt'

Around the Gardens

Sundays in the Butterfly Garden

By Karen Fleisher

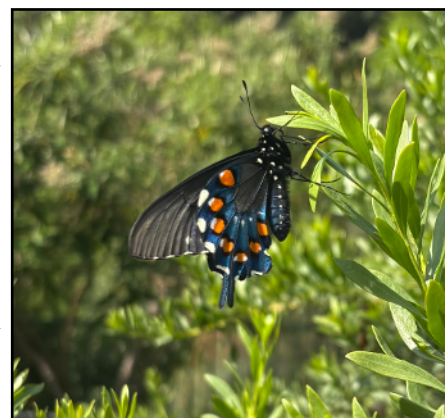


George Spiliotis, Lee Bayer, and
Karen Fleisher

Following a winter hiatus, the Gardening for Butterflies Information Table and its Master Gardener Docents returned in grand style on April 19th, thanks to an abundance of butterflies and perfect weather. While a few of our local butterfly species are active throughout the year, the majority overwinter in an inactive state, typically in the pupal or larval stage, but sometimes as an egg or adult butterfly. The arrival of warming spring temperatures is accompanied by an increase in both the number of species and the sheer number of individuals to be enjoyed in the Butterfly Garden. This was certainly true on our opening weekend as we had a near-constant presence of butterflies representing at least eight different species.

In addition to our regular cast of butterflies, visitors witnessed the release of a few Pipevine Swallowtail butterflies. Thanks to a gift of more than one hundred chrysalises from a supporter, we were able to release these beautiful Swallowtails into the Gardens as they emerged over several weeks. The Pipevine Swallowtail is iridescent bluish-black above, while the underside has distinctive orange, white, and iridescent blue markings against a black background. In California it is typically seen much further north, where its host plant, California pipevine (*Aristolochia californica*) is more abundant.

Of course, adult butterflies were not the only attraction. Eggs and caterpillars of the Gulf Fritillary Butterfly were present on its host plant, the passion vine growing along the fence. Hummingbirds, native bees, lizards, and the beautiful flowers that provide nectar to butterflies and other pollinators were all there for visitors to enjoy.



Pipevine Swallowtail

Our Information Table will be available from 9 am until noon on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of each month through October. Master Gardener Docents will answer questions and provide information about how your garden can support butterflies throughout their life cycle. We also have several books and other resources that can be viewed at the table.

Around the Gardens

Pop-up Shop & Garden Tool Workshop

By Nancy Cullen



Linda Carter selling swag at the Pop-up Shop



Pop-up Shop

The Pop-up Shop on March 15, 2026 opened at 9:00 am, and we were busy with sales lasting past 1:00 pm. The big sellers of our spring plants were the special varieties of lilacs (*Syringa* spp.) which were grown by former BG Director and lilac expert, Dr. Giles Waines. The salvias, lavenders, California native plants, and houseplants were also favorites with our visitors. We also debuted our colorful new 2026 men's t-shirts with our UCR logo. Thank you to our volunteers- Linda Carter, Nancy Procopchuk, Jenny Brooks, Karla Kadow, Jen Gray, Teresa Wassman, Hilary Brown, and Karen Fleisher.

We were so fortunate to have Murrieta High School teacher Scott Hanson host our Tool Maintenance Workshop. Visitors were invited to bring in their own tools to be refurbished or sharpened. Scott shared his collection of sharpening stones, oils, and other items to restore garden tools. He demonstrated sharpening and cleaning skills so visitors could try it for themselves. The Master Gardeners and volunteers were especially excited to attend this practical workshop.



Scott Hanson demonstrating tool maintenance

Coffee & Succulent Planting for Members

By Nancy Cullen

What could be more fun than hanging out in the Gardens, enjoying some coffee and refreshments, plus having the opportunity to plant a succulent grown in the Gardens' nursery into a vintage terra cotta pot. Over 25 Friends and their family members stopped by the "Friends Café" on the meeting room patio on Sunday, April 19th to join in our first members only third Sunday event. Everyone left with a lovely, planted succulent and a smile. Another perfect day in the Gardens!

Thank you to the Gardens volunteers, Karen Fleisher, Scott Lofquist, Kay Force, and Linda Carter who helped make this event a success, as well as to the supportive Gardens staff. Stay tuned for future third Sunday activities for Friends members!



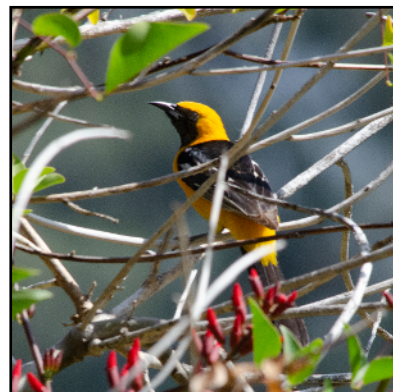
Bird Walk

By George Spiliotis

On a cool, gray May morning, approximately 30 people gathered for the first Bird Walk of the year at the Gardens. Participants were divided into three groups, led by our wonderful birding experts, Michele Felix-Derbarmdiker, Dr. Norm Ellstrand, and Jenny Iyer. It was uncharacteristically and eerily quiet as we set out. However, it didn't take long before the first sightings, including hummingbirds and Hooded Orioles. Soon after, as we made our way through the California North Coast section, a Western Scrub Jay was spotted high up in a coast redwood.

As the clouds thinned and more sunlight made its way through the landscape, the sights and sounds of bird activity increased. Perhaps the highlight of this walk, our group was treated to an extended, although intermittent, sighting of the endangered Least Bell's Vireo as it moved through tall shrubs. After several minutes, we realized it was a pair! Many, many more birds were seen, and even more were heard.

As we made our way back down toward the entrance, we were entertained with an aerial performance by White-throated Swifts at the western edge of the Gardens. Outside the Meeting Room, Nancy Cullen had light refreshments available for each of the guests. As we enjoyed our morning snacks, a Red-tailed Hawk circled overhead as a finale to another very enjoyable bird walk.



Hooded Oriole

Photo credit: Lee Reeder

May 3rd Pop-up Shop

By Pam Ferre

Our May 3rd Pop-up Shop was a success! The Pop-up Shop showcased an array of perennials, water-wise varieties, succulents, and pollinator-friendly plants. Our knowledgeable staff and numerous volunteers provided guidance to gardening enthusiasts, while our loyal Friends of the UCRBG members took advantage of a 10% discount on their plant purchases. The branded merchandise station was an additional feature, debuting our new arrival - the UCRBG safari hat. A sincere thank you to every visitor who joined us and a profound debt of gratitude to our incredible volunteers.



Volunteers
welcomed!

Visit

gardens.ucr.edu/volunteer

for more information



Twilight Tours
 July 18, 2026- 6:30 pm
 August 15, 2026- 6:00 pm

ENJOY A DOCENT-LED TOUR
 THROUGH THE BOTANIC GARDENS.
 LIGHT REFRESHMENTS FOLLOWING EACH TOUR

- WEAR WALKING SHOES FOR DIRT TRAILS
- RSVP BY JULY 16TH FOR THE JULY TOUR
- RSVP BY AUGUST 13TH FOR THE AUGUST TOUR
- \$15 FOR MEMBERS • \$20 FOR NON-MEMBERS

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[GARDENS.UCR.EDU/
EVENTS/TWILIGHT](https://gardens.ucr.edu/events/twilight)

Project Updates

By Miguel Estrada

After a noticeable slowdown in recent weeks, our team is gearing up for a renewed and more concentrated push on several major projects across the Gardens. The pause gave us time to reassess priorities, refine plans, and prepare for the next phase of work, one that will significantly improve water efficiency and long term plant health throughout the landscape.



The dripline around the root zone

Our immediate focus is completing the new irrigation system designed to support the oak collection and the memorial trees along the east fenceline, most of which are pines. The terrain has been one of our biggest challenges. Steep slopes, long distances, and uneven elevation have all complicated the installation process. Until now, most of our trees relied on small tree wells to hold water during weekly deep soaks. While helpful in the short term, the wells simply cannot deliver moisture far enough into the root zone to provide the mature specimens with the water they truly need.

We are making great progress. We have already installed the mainline and valves,

and we expect to finish laying the dripline by the end of July. Once operational, the system will provide automatic irrigation to fourteen established trees and ten newly planted ones, with the capacity for future expansion. This upgrade will not only improve tree health, but also reduce labor and water waste, an essential step as we move into the dry season.

When the oak and pine irrigation is complete, our attention will shift to beds 99 and 116 in the Australia area. This project began last year but was paused to allow us time to increase our plant inventory. As expected, after our initial, and very labor intensive cleanup, the weeds returned and quickly blanketed much of the area. We anticipated this rebound, and we are now in the process of clearing the beds again to prepare for what will become our largest irrigation installation to date.

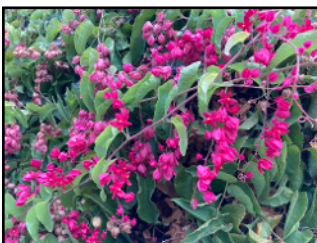
Because the system is fed by a tank located at the highest point of the property, the upper beds experience reduced flow and pressure. This limitation makes drip irrigation the most practical and reliable method for delivering water across nearly 17,000 square feet. Our goal is to finalize the irrigation design by July and complete installation by the end of September, positioning the site perfectly for a fall planting.



Mainline and valves

To see some of the plants in bloom please visit gardens.ucr.edu/information/bloom.

Even in the summer heat there are many plants blooming throughout the Gardens.



Antigonon leptopus
'Baja Red'
"coral vine"



Callistemon citrinus
'Jeffers'
"purple bottlebrush"



Rose Gardens



Eriogonum giganteum
"St. Catherine's lace"

Wildlife of the Gardens

Striped Skunk

By Michele Felix-Derbarmdiker

Have you ever been in a room that is far too crowded? Such a predicament can be quickly remedied by yelling, “Skunk!” These cute creatures do not deserve such scorn. While true that they can deliver quite a punch when it comes to smell, they are important members of several local habitats, including the Botanic Gardens.

Habitat/Diet

There are two species of skunk to be found in southern California. There is the western spotted skunk and the striped skunk (*Mephitis mephitis*). Humans are more likely to see the latter, as they are comfortable in urban settings. In addition to our urban sprawl, this species can be found in agricultural areas, low elevation forests, grasslands and some desert areas. No matter their habitat, they eat a variety of things including grubs, worms, small rodents, insects, small fish, amphibians, bird eggs, lizards, berries, mushrooms, and the urban menu items of unsecured pet food and garbage. The urban dwellers tend to annoy homeowners by digging up lawns and mulch in search of tasty insects, worms, and grubs.



Photo credit: Public Domain Pictures

Breeding

Breeding occurs in early spring and the female will protect young within her burrow. Skunks can utilize old burrows of other animals or use fallen logs. If no burrows are available and the soil workable, they will dig their own burrow, sometimes in inconvenient places. Skunks can readily make their homes under porches, decks, sheds, brush piles, and concrete pads. They are solitary much of the time except during the breeding season. Males will mate with multiple females, but the females will quickly dismiss the males after breeding. After about two months, up to ten kits are born. They are blind, deaf, and greatly dependent on the care and protection of their mother. About three months after their birth, the kits will follow behind their mother on her nightly search for food. Her young will be ready to go out on their own and start their own families by the following spring.

Identification

Skunks are primarily nocturnal, with common sightings around dusk and dawn. In urban settings, skunks are sometimes observed during daylight hours. They can be hard to spot in the dark due to their black coloration, and are sometimes mistaken for a sizeable house cat with a fluffy tail. As indicated by their name, striped skunks have a small white stripe down the center of their head, expanding into a block of white behind the ears, which diverges into two separate stripes down the back and into the tail. It is not uncommon to smell rather than see them. The sulfur-based musk is produced by glands and only sprayed as a last resort. Producing the musk is resource intensive and they would rather save it for life threatening scenarios. Prior to spraying, they do offer fair warning by first stomping their feet and raising their tail. Spray can produce nausea in humans and illness in dogs and even temporary blindness if the threat takes a direct hit to the eyes. If sprayed, it is best to wash with a concoction of baking soda, dish soap, and hydrogen peroxide.

Threats

The population of striped skunks is stable and this species is not listed as threatened or endangered at either the state or federal level. While stable, they do face threats from humans, especially due to hunting and car collisions. They have excellent senses of smell and hearing, but extremely poor eyesight; leading to many unfortunate encounters with cars. Their adaptability to human environments also causes them to be labeled pests and they are often lethally trapped by pest control companies. Skunks can only be relocated with the permission of the California Department of Fish and Wildlife. Rabies, among other diseases, can be found in skunk populations and fear of rabies contributes to this pest label. This is the reasoning behind the required relocation permissions. If troublesome skunks are found on your property, there are a variety of ways to deter them, primarily involving removing items that entice them, particularly easily accessible pet food.

In the Works

By Botanic Gardens Staff

Our warm spring brought early flowering and plenty of weeds. As summer approaches we are hoping to get as much outdoor work completed as possible before the heat of summer hinders our outdoor activity. Here are some of the projects and activities underway:

Gardens and Grounds:

- ▶ Our engraver has been replaced, thanks to a generous donor, so making plant labels has resumed.
- ▶ We are monitoring the problem Shot Hole Borer areas and three trees south of Ficus Grove have been removed which have been severely damaged.
- ▶ The California native bees have enjoyed the Native Bee Forage Ground this spring, and we hope you have too.
- ▶ We have received over 300 cubic yards of mulch to be used in the orchard to help suppress the weed population.
- ▶ We continue to remove grass around the trees in Alder Canyon to reduce the competition from the grass and to encourage healthier root zones.
- ▶ A new automatic irrigation system for the oaks and memorial trees is near completion by the east perimeter road.
- ▶ We are partnering with the Urban Conservation Corps until September to bolster our workforce and tackle our large projects.

Activities and Events:

- ▶ The Master Gardener Docents have an information table in the Butterfly Garden the first and third Sundays from 9am to 12pm.
- ▶ Our Butterfly Garden received the Mayor's Monarch Pledge award this May. Thank you to our Butterfly Garden team - Karen Fleisher, George Spiliotis, and Linda Carter.
- ▶ We will be hiring four new students to replace students who have graduated or moved on.
- ▶ Three new Docents have joined the team, and just in time for the very busy April and May. We welcome Nancy Paquette, Veronica Harris, and Kim DuBry.
- ▶ Volunteer orientation is available on the first Sundays and first Tuesdays of each month at 9:30 am with Nancy Cullen.
- ▶ We have a new BG branded gardening hat available for purchase.
- ▶ Storytime with Teresa Wassman is offered during summer on the first Sundays of the month for children and their families in Alder Canyon.
- ▶ Teresa is also our roaming Master Gardener docent on open Sundays. She answers questions, directs visitors, and shares information about the Gardens.
- ▶ Michelle Lofquist teaches origami to kids and adults of all ages on the first Sundays of the month. Or you can find her by the Meeting Room on Monday mornings.
- ▶ Thanks to Karen Fleisher, our open third Sundays of the month will offer something special to our Friends members. We had a great turnout for the coffee bar and succulent planting. These members' specials will be held outside the Meeting Room on the patio.



Mayor's Monarch Pledge Award received at the city council meeting



New Docents (L to R) Kim DuBry, Veronica Harris, and Nancy Paquette



New gardening hat



Michelle Lofquist at her origami table



2025 Donor Honor Roll

We are grateful to our donors whose gifts help us beautify, improve and maintain the Gardens, support our staff and student workers, and launch new projects. The Honor Roll of Donors below reflects gifts made between January 1 and December 31, 2025.

We have worked hard with our CNAS Development team to ensure that we have listed all donors accurately. This list does not include our many Friends members whose dues provide ongoing support for the Gardens. Also not included are the many repeat donors and the many visitors who make a \$5 donation when they enter. Thank you all for your support!

Allen, Edith and Michael	Gable, Barbara `79 and Frederick	Orth, Robert and Martha
Almanzor, Michael and Janine	Gaut, Rebecca and Brandon	Platzer, Edward and *Ann
Anderson, Lorraine and Richard	Gilleece, Michelle	Ponsor, Dennis `70 and Janice
Anderson, Ray	Goldstein, Sharon `64	Raman, Steven
Bailey, Robert `62	Guevara, Orchid	Rangus, Kathryn `67 and Hobza, James
Balys, Pamela `74 and Mark	Gutzwiller, Tim	Ransom, Connie
Beatty, Cathy `73	Harley, Suzanne `79	*Ransom, Roger
Beaty, Charles	*Harold C. Snyder Living Trust	Renne, Georgia `67
Beyers, Jan and Riechers, George	Hatch, Stephen	Reynolds, Vicki
Blevins, James `91	Hayes, Sheryl `82	Rhine, Doris
Boutin, Dolores `63 and Fredrick	Hazard, David `68 `78 and Susan	Risaliti, Linda
Bremenstuh, Philip `78 and Selina	Heath, Robert and Susan	Roose, Pamela and Mikeal
Brown, Hilary	Heath, Susan and Robert	Roschke, Susan
Bryant, Sandra and John	Higbee, Nancy and Lynn	Saldana, Lucy
Burbank, Jeffrey and Tawa, Audrey	Holmberg, Sharon	Seccombe, Jennifer
Calkin, Pauline	Holt, Douglas and *Jodie	Servin, Ann `69 and Robert
Canter, Nancy	Hunt, Jessika	Sharpe, Lawrence and Lindsay
Carter, Linda	ImpactAssets	Soward, John
Catanese, Vivian	Kahn, Tracy `87 and Ellstrand, Norman	Stolzy, Janice `76
Chen, Xuemei and Bi, Song	Katz, E.	Strossman, William `95
Christensen, Shawn	Kean, Susan	Stuart, Elizabeth
Clark, Holly	Keller, Christine `74	Swafford, William and Anderson, Lisa
Cohen, Michael and Jeanne	Kelly, Faith and Matthew	Taylor, John and Delia
Cooper, Sherry	Key, Loretta and John	Toscano, Nick `73 and Susan
Cox, Nancy	Koetsier, Anne and *Albert	Tracy, Michele
Crochet, Marie `92	Kyle, Lauretta	Traugh, Cecelia `65 `66 and Doan, Alexander
Cullen, Nancy and Robert	Legner, Erich and Suzanne	Treadwell, Paul `75
Cunnison, Stephen	Lehr, Judith and Russell, Raymond	Urena, Sherry
Dahl, Peter and Lillian	Lewallen, Carla	Van Hala, Ruth and E.
Derrenbacher, William	Lofquist, Michelle `03 and Scott	Van, Mien
Dilworth, Alice	Lopez, Ernest	Vander, Joseph `74 `75 and Vander Pluym, Charlann
Dowell, Kenneth `69 and Barbara	Lorenz, John	Various Donors, FNU
Eastmond, David and Elizabeth	Macias Harrison, Gloria `64 `66	Waines, J. `69
Eby, Jessica	McCabe, John	Walker, Carol `67 and Sydney
Ezcurra, Exequiel	McCarthy, Marion	Walt Disney Company Foundation
Fay, Sandra `83 and John	McDowell, Meryl `69 and Michael	Wang, Zhuangzhi `04 `07
Ferre, Pamela	McGhee, Julie	Wilbur, Elizabeth
Fidelity Charitable	McGiffen, Milton	Wilczynski, Yvonne
Fidler, W.	McIntosh, Kathleen	Willis Family Fund
Fleisher, Karen	Miller, Cheryl	Zambon-Lee, Mary
Flowers, Dora	Mitchell, Barbara and Tennes, Michael	Zlotoff, Michael
Force, Kay	Muro, Sharon	*Deceased
Forster, Helga	Neal, Rosemary and Gregory	
Fowlkes, Christopher	Nguyen, Anh	
Francis, Laura	Ortega, Hannibelle	





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UCRBG Calendar of Events

A large, stylized green leaf graphic with multiple layers and veins, serving as a background for the event list.

Bimonthly	Volunteer Orientation , Entrance, 9:30 am (1 st Sundays & Tuesdays)
Monthly	Walk & Learn at the Rose Garden , 8:00 - 10:00 am (1 st Tuesdays)
Monthly	Children's Storytime , 10:00 - 10:30 am (1 st Sundays)
Monthly	Origami with Michelle , 11:00 am - 1:00 pm (1 st Sundays)
Monthly	Roaming Docents , 10:00 am - 12:00 pm (3 rd Sundays)
Bimonthly	Docents in the Butterfly Garden , 9:00 am - noon (1 st & 3 rd Sundays)
July 18	Twilight Tour , 6:30 pm
August 15	Twilight Tour , 6:00 pm

Please note: The UCRBG hours are Monday - Friday 8:00 am - 3:30 pm
and 1st and 3rd Sundays 8:00 am - 2:00 pm until further notice.
(Please check our website for closure dates)